#### **GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

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To the Board of Commissioners of Gaffney Board of Public Works Gaffney, South Carolina

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and aggregate remaining fund information of Gaffney Board of Public Works as of and for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gaffney Board of Public Works' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Gaffney Board of Public Works' management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and aggregate remaining fund information of Gaffney Board of Public Works as of March 31, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Commissioners of Gaffney Board of Public Works Page Two

#### **Emphasis-of-Matter**

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, in March 31, 2019, the Gaffney Board of Public Works adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, investment returns, and contributions, and schedules of the Board's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Gaffney Board of Public Works' basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules of departmental operations and historical statements of revenues, expenses and debt service coverage are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary schedules, as detailed above, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Spartanburg, South Carolina

McAbee, Schwartz, Haliday & Co.

August 3, 2019

## Board of Public Works Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

This section represents management's analysis of the Board's financial condition and activities for the year. This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Management believes the Board's financial condition is very strong. During FY 2019 revenues have decreased in water but increased in the sewer and electric departments. Overall, operating expenses have decreased. Departmentally, water, sewer and administrative expenses have increased while electrical and depreciation expenses have decreased. The contributing factors to the increases in expenses were plant operations and maintenance, materials and supplies, chemicals and lastly salaries. A new construction crew was added to the water and sewer maintenance department to prepare for the I-85 widening and related utility relocations. As for the electrical department decreases, PMPA voted to implement a \$21 million credit to all participants over an eleven month period due to a reduction in PMPA's working capital needs in February 2018, the PMPA board approved a similar credit to continue through December 2019. The Board has continued to improve service, provide for future growth, and maintain a very stable and competitive rate structure. Also, the Board has remained well within its debt covenants, with stringent financial policies and guidelines set by the Board and management. The following are key financial highlights for FY 2019 and FY 2018.

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources for FY 2019 year-end were \$59,905,724 and exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$37,848,819. Of the total net position, \$17,852,360 was unrestricted. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources for FY 2018 year-end were \$62,391,022 and exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$41,460,705. Of the total net position, \$22,438,647 was unrestricted. Total net position decreased compared to prior year. The current year operations resulted in an increase in net position of \$3,993,047, but the Board implemented GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions,* which required restating the Board's beginning net position as of April 1, 2018. The restatement resulted in a decrease in beginning net position of \$7,604,933, creating the overall decrease in net position of \$3,611,886 from FY 2018 to FY 2019.

Debt service coverage was 523% in FY 2019 and 402% in FY 2018; both years exceeded the 120% required by the Board's Bond covenants.

For FY 2019, the Board sold approximately 247 million kwh of electricity and 2.09 billion gallons of potable water and treated 1.14 billion gallons of wastewater. This compares to 223 million kwh of electricity, 2.13 billion gallons of potable water, and 1.16 billion gallons of wastewater in FY 2018.

Operating revenues for FY 2019 were \$38,380,626 as compared to \$37,998,444 for FY 2018.

Operating expenses for FY 2019 were \$35,328,740 as compared to \$36,836,340 for FY 2018. Management and staff are continually evaluating operations to control and/or reduce costs and improve efficiency.

Interest income on investments increased over last year with the continued improvement in interest rates on the certificate of deposits. Interest income for FY 2019 totaled \$123,576 compared to \$87,183 for FY 2018.

The Board transferred 3.05% of electric sales, the equivalent of a franchise fee to the City of Gaffney in accordance with our Intergovernmental Agreement. The transfer for FY 2019 was \$693,771 compared to \$672,456 for FY 2018.

#### **Overview of Annual Financial Report**

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to, and should be read in conjunction with, the basic audited financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and supplementary information. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the Board's financial condition and performance. Summary financial statement data, key financial and operational indicators used in the Board's strategic plan, budget, bond resolutions, and other management tools were used for this analysis.

The basic financial statements consist of the Enterprise Fund, which is a type of Proprietary Fund to account for its electric, water, and sewer operations, that reports information about the Board using full accrual accounting methods as utilized by similar business activities in the private sector. However, rate-regulated accounting principles applicable to private sector utilities are not used by government utilities. The financial statements include statements of net position; statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; statements of cash flows; and notes to the financial statements. The financial statements also include the Pension (Other Post-Employment Benefits) Trust Fund, a type of Fiduciary Fund, used to account for resources held in trust for retirees and beneficiaries covered by the Board's Retiree Healthcare Plan. The accounting for the fiduciary fund is much like that used for the proprietary fund.

The *statements of net position* present the financial position of the Board on a full accrual basis. The statements of net position present information on all the Board's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in the net position are one indicator of whether the financial position of the Board is improving or deteriorating.

While the statements of net position provide information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end, the *statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position* present the results of the business and fiduciary activities over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the net position changed during the year. All changes in the net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. These statements also provide certain information about the Board's recovery of its costs. Rate setting policies are different methods of cost recovery not fully provided for by general accepted accounting standards. The primary objectives of the rate model are to improve equity among customer classes and to insure that capital costs are allocated on a basis of long term capacity needs, ensuring growth pays for growth.

The *statements of cash flows* present changes in cash and cash equivalents, resulting from operational, financing, and investing activities. These statements present cash receipts and cash disbursement information, without consideration of the earnings event, when an obligation arises, or depreciation of capital costs.

The *notes to the financial statements* provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the Board's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events, if any.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *Required Supplementary Information* concerning the Board's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and contributions to the retirement system, as well as the schedules in changes in the net OPEB liability and ratios, contributions and investment returns. *Supplementary information*, immediately following the *required supplementary information*, includes detail schedules of departmental operations and historical statements of revenues, expenses and debt service coverage.

#### **Financial Analysis**

The following comparative condensed financial statements and other information serve as the key financial data and indicators for management, monitoring, and planning.

#### **Condensed Financial Statements**

#### **Condensed Statements of Net Position**

Assets:	 3/31/2019	3/31/2018		3/31/2017		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 35,493,216	\$	38,452,919	\$	36,094,926	
Capital Assets	 22,560,728		22,273,081		24,009,356	
Total Assets	58,053,944		60,726,000		60,104,282	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,851,780		1,665,022		1,355,562	
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities	7,995,170		7,471,748		7,438,291	
Long-Term Liabilities	 13,944,889		13,375,316		13,700,414	
Total Liabilities	21,940,059		20,847,064		21,138,705	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	116,846		83,253		-	
Net Position:	 		_			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,193,742		18,689,412		19,222,297	
Restricted for Debt Service Reserve Fund	333,230		332,646		332,655	
Restricted for Capital Projects	469,487		-		-	
Unrestricted	 17,852,360		22,438,647		20,766,187	
Total Net Position	\$ 37,848,819	\$	41,460,705	\$	40,321,139	

#### **Condensed Financial Statements - continued**

#### Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Revenues:		3/31/2019	3/31/2018		 3/31/2017		
Operating Revenues							
Water Department	\$	7,081,075	\$	7,236,146	\$ 6,815,542		
Sewer Department		6,129,410		6,098,863	5,774,789		
Electrical Department		25,170,141		24,663,435	24,264,540		
Non-operating Revenues	_	119,779		102,298	 32,610		
<b>Total Revenues</b>		38,500,405		38,100,742	36,887,481		
Expenses:							
Operating Expenses, Excluding Depreciation							
Water Department		4,522,131		4,107,843	4,015,377		
Sewer Department		3,349,564		3,252,700	3,176,725		
Electrical Department		20,480,669		22,529,285	23,253,173		
Warehouse, Clinic/Safety, and Administrative							
Departments		4,144,977		3,981,501	3,362,722		
Depreciation Expense		2,831,399		2,965,011	3,406,487		
Non-operating Expenses		113,906		136,836	159,606		
Total Expense		35,442,646		36,973,176	37,374,090		
Excess (Deficiency), Before Capital Contributions		3,057,759		1,127,566	(486,609)		
Capital Contributions		935,288		12,000	350,000		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		3,993,047		1,139,566	(136,609)		
Net Position Beginning of Year - Restated		33,855,772		40,321,139	 40,457,748		
Net Position End of Year	\$	37,848,819	\$	41,460,705	\$ 40,321,139		

#### **General Trends and Significant Events**

In FY 2019 the overall number of electric and water accounts decreased. Electric service accounts decreased overall by 28; water service accounts decreased by 28 also and lastly wastewater accounts increased by 53. The decreases in the electrical and water accounts were mainly from reduced residential customers and the increase in wastewater accounts was due to the expansion of an apartment complex that only needed wastewater services from the Board.

The Board had 247 million kwh electrical sales for FY 2019 and 223 million kwh in FY 2018, for a total increase of 10.8% in electrical sales. Suminoe was the Board's largest electric demand customer in 2019 and 2018.

The volume of water sold in FY 2019 was approximately 2.096 billion gallons and 2.127 billion gallons was sold in FY 2018, netting a decrease in sales of 1.46%. The FY19 decrease in sales was seen in the industrial customer category. Retail customers purchased approximately 76% and 77% of total water sales in FY 2019 and FY 2018, respectively. During FY 2019 and FY 2018, the Nestle Corporation was the Board's largest water customer, accounting for approximately 11% in FY 2019 and 15% in FY 2018 of total water sales. FY 2019 wholesale water sales accounted for 21% of the total sales. During FY 2018 20% of total water sales was in the wholesale category. The City of Blacksburg was the largest wholesale customer for FY 2019 and FY 2018.

The volume of wastewater billed in FY 2019 was 1.14 billion gallons which was 1.72% less than FY 2018 sales. During FY 2018 the volume of wastewater billed was 1.16 billion gallons which was 4.5% greater than FY 2017 sales. During FY 2019 and FY 2018, the Nestle Corporation was the Board's largest sewer customer.

#### **Financial Condition**

The Board experienced an increase in its net position of \$3,993,047 for FY 2019 after experiencing an increase of \$1,139,566 for FY 2018. The Board's financial condition remains strong at year-end with adequate liquid assets, reliable facilities to meet demand, and a reasonable level of an unrestricted net position. The current financial condition, technical support staff capabilities, and operating and expansion plans to meet anticipated customer needs are well balanced and under control.

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources combined for FY 2019 were \$59,905,724 with a \$19,193,742 net investment in capital assets, \$333,230 restricted for the debt service reserve fund, \$469,487 restricted for capital projects, and \$17,852,360 unrestricted for a \$37,848,819 total net position. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources combined in FY 2018 were \$62,391,022 with a \$18,689,412 net investment in capital assets, \$332,646 restricted for the debt service reserve fund and \$22,438,647 unrestricted for a \$41,460,705 total net position.

Accounts receivable for FY 2019 were \$2,946,337 compared to \$2,792,687 in FY 2018.

#### **Results of Operations**

#### **Operating Revenues:**

Revenues from operations fall into three categories: electric service, water service and wastewater service. The ancillary charges such as tap fees, service charges and penalties are shown in each of the respective categories. The Board has inside and outside the city residential, commercial and industrial water and sewer customer classes. The Board has seven electric customer classifications, residential all gas, residential gas hot water heater, residential total electric, commercial, commercial total electric, industrial and economic development.

The average realized rate from electrical sales in FY 2019 was \$101.90 per thousand kwh delivered compared to \$110.60 and \$103.69 in FY 2018 and FY 2017, respectively. The average realized rate from water sales in FY 2019 was \$3.38 per thousand gallons compared to \$3.40 and \$3.21 in FY 2018 and FY 2017, respectively. The average realized rate from wastewater treatment in FY 2019 was \$5.38 per thousand gallons treated compared to \$5.26 and \$5.20 in FY 2018 and FY 2017, respectively.

#### **Operating Expenses:**

The Board operates and maintains an electrical distribution system, a potable water treatment and delivery system and, a wastewater collection and treatment system. The overhead electrical distribution system consists of 18 dedicated circuits originating from 6 different outdoor substations. The water is treated at the Victor Gaffney and Cherokee Water Treatment Plants with a capacity of 12 million gallons per day and 6 million gallons per day, respectively. During FY 2019, 2018 and 2017, the Cherokee Water Treatment plant did not operate due to decreased system demands. The wastewater is treated at the Broad River and Clary Wastewater Treatment Plants with a capacity of 4.0 million gallons per day and 5.0 million gallons per day, respectively.

The following table shows the operating expenses for each of the departments.

Actual Amounts in 1000s	 2019		2018	2017	
Water operating expenses					
Total	\$ 5,519	\$	5,077	\$	5,377
Excluding depreciation	4,522		4,108		4,015
Wastewater operating expenses					
Total	\$ 4,072	\$	4,139	\$	4,044
Excluding depreciation	3,349		3,253		3,177
Electric operating expenses:					
Total	\$ 21,515	\$	23,555	\$	24,331
Excluding depreciation	20,481		22,529		23,253

The average electric operating cost per thousand kwh delivered was \$87.11 in FY 2019 versus \$105.63 and \$103.98 in FY 2018 and FY 2017, respectively. The average water operating cost per thousand gallons consumed was \$2.63 in FY 2019 versus \$2.39 and \$2.53 in FY 2018 and FY 2017, respectively. The wastewater operating cost per thousand gallons treated was \$3.57 in FY 2019 versus \$3.57 and \$3.63 in FY 2018 and FY 2017, respectively. The domestic component of the wastewater flow is relatively constant and directly proportional to the domestic water flow but the industrial component and required treatment fluctuates with the strength of the industrial waste stream. The sewer surcharge rates, industrial discharge permits and other associated fees related to the industrial wastewater are designed to recover the additional expenses incurred due to the higher strength waste. The relatively stable cost per thousand gallons is an indication that the industrial fee structure is effective in recovering those costs.

#### **Capital Contributions and Grants:**

The Board agrees to own and operate water and sewer lines that are funded by developers as long as the facilities are installed in accordance with the Board's specifications. The Board also receives contributions from developers and occasionally, contributions from federal/state agencies and other entities in the form of grants for capital projects.

During FY 2019, the total contributed assets were \$935,288; the following contributions and grants makeup that amount:

- 0.68 acres of land at the intersection of East O'Neal Street and East Knott Street was deeded to the Board by the heirs of the John Weatherford Estate, valued at \$21,769.
- November 6, 2017, the Board was awarded a \$473,000 grant from the Rural Infrastructure Authority for the construction of the Rutledge Drive and Suez Street Sewer Line Replacement Project. As of March 31, 2019, the project was still in progress, however, \$131,019 of those grant funds were spent and reimbursed during the current year.
- The Board agreed to the construction of a trail around Lake Whelchel. The Carolina Thread Trail awarded and the Board received \$150,000 in grant funds for the construction of the trail.
- The Board was awarded and received a \$632,500 grant from the Santee Cooper Municipal Site Readiness Fund for the construction of a sewer line to serve a large industrial park being constructed off Peachoid Road. Along with sewer service, the Board received an agreement from the property owner giving the Board exclusive rights to provide electric service to the property.

#### **Cash Flow Activity**

The following table shows the Board's ability to generate net operating cash. Net cash provided by operating activities is shown both in total dollars and as a percentage of operating revenues.

	 2019	2018		 2017
Total operating revenues Net cash provided by operations	\$ 38,380,626 6,144,399	\$	37,998,444 3,981,206	\$ 36,854,871 3,592,113
Net operating cash as a % of operating revenue	16.0%		10.5%	9.7%

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of FY 2019, the Board had \$22,560,728 invested in capital assets as provided in the following schedule:

	2019	2018	2017
Transmission, Distribution, and			
Treatment Facilities	\$ 132,112,731	\$ 130,519,216	\$ 129,238,464
Property and Other Facilities	5,332,120	5,310,351	5,247,449
Vehicles, Office and Maintenance Equipment	6,481,573	6,240,839	6,236,419
Construction in Progress	1,181,085	39,473	393,546
	145,107,509	142,109,879	141,115,878
Accumulated Depreciation	(122,546,781)	(119,836,798)	(117,106,522)
	\$ 22,560,728	\$ 22,273,081	\$ 24,009,356

For FY 2019, the Board spent \$2,211,205 on significant improvements, compared to \$677,642 and \$1,055,975 in FY 2018 and FY 2017, respectively. The FY 2019 capital expenses included significant additions to construction in progress of \$1,018,062 for the Cherokee Filter Upgrade II, Lake Whelchel Walking Trail, Rutledge/Suez sewer line replacement, and Jennie Lane Industrial Park projects. The additional significant improvements of \$1,193,143 was made up of the purchases of various electrical meter services and outdoor lights, water plant basin treatment, and various water and sewer plant equipment. For more information on the changes in capital assets, see Note 3 to the financial statements.

#### **Debt Administration**

#### **Rate Covenant**

In the Board's Bond Resolution, the Board covenants and agrees that it will operate the System in an efficient and economical manner and establish and collect rates and charges for the services and facilities furnished by the Board. Those rates and charges with other income will yield annual Net Revenues in the fiscal year equal to at least one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the amounts required to be deposited into each Bond and Interest Redemption Fund for the current Fiscal Year. The Board's Total Debt Service Coverage for FY19 was 5.23. Net revenues are defined by the bond resolution to mean, the revenues of the System after deducting the expenses of operating and maintaining the System.

If in any Fiscal Year the revenues are insufficient to satisfy the rate covenant, the Bond Resolution obligates the Board to employ a Consulting Engineer to examine the fees, rates, and other charges of the System and methods of the operations of the system and make recommendations as the Consulting Engineer believes are appropriate to enable the Board to satisfy the rate covenant.

For revenue bond debt service coverage from March 31, 2010 through 2019 see Schedule 3-5 of the Financial Statements.

#### **Outstanding Debt**

The Board has \$2,572,000 in long-term debt outstanding at FY 2019, as provided in the following schedule:

2019	2018	2017
\$ 900,000	\$ 1,170,000	\$ 1,435,000
1,672,000	2,491,000	3,300,000
\$ 2,572,000	\$ 3,661,000	\$ 4,735,000
	\$ 900,000 1,672,000	\$ 900,000 \$ 1,170,000 1,672,000 2,491,000

The Board had no significant transactions during the year. For more information on changes in long-term liabilities, see Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors**

There were no significant economic issues in FY19. The positive financial position at year end confirms the Board continues to take necessary measures to keep the utility in a stable economic position.

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the Board's finances. For questions concerning this report or other requests for financial information, please contact:

General Manager Gaffney Board of Public Works P.O. Box 64 Gaffney, South Carolina 29342 (864) 488-8800

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

	2019		 2018
Current Assets			
Cash	\$	19,332,004	\$ 17,138,880
Investments		3,133,105	2,828,214
Accounts receivable - net of allowance for			
doubtful accounts of \$67,770 and \$64,857			
at March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively		2,946,337	2,792,687
Other receivables Inventories		1,908,438	1,840,997
Prepaid expenses		1,471,919 190,616	1,376,379 156,233
Frepaid expenses		190,010	 130,233
Total Current Assets		28,982,419	26,133,390
Noncurrent Assets			
Restricted cash		3,746,723	3,122,164
Investments		2,764,074	2,975,859
Capital assets - nondepreciable		3,002,886	1,839,505
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		19,557,842	20,433,576
Net other post employment benefit asset			 6,221,506
Total Noncurrent Assets		29,071,525	 34,592,610
Total Assets		58,053,944	60,726,000
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred loss on refundings		59,369	87,993
Deferred amounts related to pensions		1,323,561	1,577,029
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		468,850	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,851,780	1,665,022

## GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - CONTINUED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION

	2019	2018
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	1,057,220	205,622
Accrued salaries and related withholdings	361,724	373,685
Accrued compensated absences	450,300	382,484
Accrued interest	4,900	6,649
Accrued expenses	2,065,520	2,315,289
Payable from restricted assets - customer deposits	2,944,006	2,789,519
Advanced tapping fees	2,500	309,500
Bonds payable - current portion	1,109,000	1,089,000
Total Current Liabilities	7,995,170	7,471,748
Long-term Liabilities		
Net pension liability	10,789,370	10,806,022
Net OPEB liability	1,694,370	-
Bonds payable - net of current portion	1,461,149	2,569,294
	13,944,889	13,375,316
Total Liabilities	21,940,059	20,847,064
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred amounts related to pensions	99,503	83,253
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	17,343	
	116,846	83,253
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	19,193,742	18,689,412
Restricted - debt service reserve fund	333,230	332,646
Restricted - capital projects	469,487	- -
Unrestricted	17,852,360	22,438,647
Total Net Position	\$ 37,848,819	\$ 41,460,705

# GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018		
Operating Revenues Water department Sewer department Electrical department	\$ 7,081,075 6,129,410 25,170,141	\$	7,236,146 6,098,863 24,663,435	
	38,380,626		37,998,444	
Operating Expenses Water department Sewer department Electrical department	4,522,131 3,349,564 20,480,669		4,107,843 3,252,700 22,529,285	
Warehouse, clinic/safety and administrative departments Depreciation expense	4,144,977 2,831,399		3,981,501 2,965,011	
	 35,328,740		36,836,340	
Operating Income (Loss)	3,051,886		1,162,104	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest income Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Interest expense	 123,576 (3,797) (113,906)		87,183 15,115 (136,836)	
	 5,873		(34,538)	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position - Before Capital Contributions	3,057,759		1,127,566	
Capital Contributions	935,288		12,000	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	3,993,047		1,139,566	
Net Position - Beginning of Year - Restated	33,855,772		40,321,139	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 37,848,819	\$	41,460,705	

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to or for the benefit of employees	\$ 37,852,535 (21,978,855) (9,729,281)	\$ 37,959,523 (25,245,398) (8,732,919)
	6,144,399	3,981,206
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	-	18,420
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(3,097,278)	(1,217,102)
Capital contributions	913,519	- (4.074.000)
Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid	(1,089,000)	(1,074,000)
interest paid	(84,429)	(107,359)
	(3,357,188)	(2,380,041)
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		
Interest received on cash investments	123,576	87,183
Sale (purchase) of investments	(252,773)	38,079
	(129,197)	125,262
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,658,014	1,726,427
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	20,592,503	18,866,076
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 23,250,517	\$ 20,592,503

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019		2018	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,051,886	\$	1,162,104
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation		2,831,399		2,965,011
Pension expense		838,206		959,980
OPEB expense		(140,564)		-
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources:				
Accounts receivable		(153,650)		(161,354)
Unbilled revenue		(67,441)		(145,067)
Inventories		(99,337)		(164,300)
Other current assets		(34,383)		(26,850)
Net other post employment benefit asset		-		(175,011)
Deferred outflows related to pensions Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		(585,139)		(451,764)
Accounts payable		851,598		(267,597)
Accrued salaries and related withholdings		(11,961)		112,769
Accrued compensated absences		67,816		-
Accrued interest		(1,749)		(1,680)
Accrued expenses		(249,769)		(166,792)
Customer deposits		154,487		74,257
Advanced tapping fees		(307,000)		267,500
		3,092,513		2,819,102
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	6,144,399	\$	3,981,206
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities				
Contribution of capital assets	\$	21,769	\$	12,000
Disposal of capital assets	\$	(3,797)	\$	(3,305)
Amortization expense included in interest	\$	(29,477)	\$	(29,477)
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#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

		2019	 2018
Reconciliation of Cash and Investments as Shown on the Statements of Net Position and Statements of Cash Flow	/S		
Statements of Net Position classifications Current assets			
Cash	\$	19,332,004	\$ 17,138,880
Investments		3,133,105	 2,828,214
Noncurrent assets		22,465,109	19,967,094
Restricted cash		3,746,723	3,122,164
Investments		2,764,074	 2,975,859
		6,510,797	 6,098,023
	\$	28,975,906	\$ 26,065,117
Cash flow classifications			
Petty cash	\$	2,500	\$ 2,300
Cash deposits		22,713,965	19,898,519
Money market funds		534,052	 691,684
Total cash and cash equivalents		23,250,517	20,592,503
Certificates of deposit		5,725,389	 5,472,614
	\$	28,975,906	\$ 26,065,117

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - OPEB TRUST FUND MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### **ASSETS**

		2019	2018		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,023,795	\$	9,639,585	
Total Assets	\$	10,023,795	\$	9,639,585	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSIT	ION				
Total Liabilities	\$		\$		
Net Position Restricted for OPEB	\$	10,023,795	\$	9,639,585	

## GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - OPEB TRUST FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	 2018
Additions Employer contributions Net investment income - interest and accrued income	\$ 602,952 91,710	\$ 545,129 52,879
Total Additions	694,662	598,008
Deductions Benefit payments Administrative expenses	302,952 7,500	245,129 7,500
Total Deductions	310,452	252,629
Net Increase in Net Position	384,210	345,379
Net Position Restricted for OPEB - Beginning of Year	9,639,585	 9,294,206
Net Position Restricted for OPEB - End of Year	\$ 10,023,795	\$ 9,639,585

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Gaffney Board of Public Works (the Board) is presented to assist in understanding the financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Board's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Gaffney Board of Public Works was created pursuant to Act No. 389 of the Acts and Joint Resolutions of the South Carolina General Assembly, 1907. This and other Acts empower the Board to be the sole provider of electric, water and sewer services within the corporate limits of the City of Gaffney and surrounding areas, to establish rules and regulations and to set rates for such services. The Board is governed by an elected five-member Board of Commissioners.

#### **Financial Statements and Method of Accounting**

Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the Board is considered to be a self-supporting enterprise, and these financial statements are presented accordingly. Enterprise funds, a type of proprietary fund, are used to account for operations financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting financial reporting principles.

The Board's financial statements also provide information on the Board's other postemployment benefit (OPEB) trust fund, a Fiduciary Fund. The OPEB trust fund accounts for the activities of the Retiree Health Plan, which accumulate resources for medical costs for eligible retirees and their dependents.

Both the enterprise and OPEB trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Use of Restricted Resources**

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Board. Operating revenues consist primarily of charges for services. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### Investments

Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (moving average) or net realizable value. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are stated at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value on the date donated. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements of \$500 or more are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs associated with monies borrowed and used to finance construction of capital projects have been expensed as a period cost in the year in which it became due.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Years
Water plant and lines	20-50
Sewer plant and lines	20-33.3
Electrical	10-25
Office and warehouse buildings	20-40
Office Equipment	10
Equipment and vehicles	4-8

#### **Compensated Absences**

Eligible employees receive Personal Time Off (PTO) based on years of service ranging from five (5) to thirty (30) days annually. The PTO policy provides for no carry over from one calendar year to the next. All unused PTO as of December 31st is paid on an annual basis.

#### Long-term Debt

Bond premium and discounts are deferred and equally amortized over the life of the bonds.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) and additions to/deductions from the SCRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as it is reported by the SCRS in accordance with GAAP. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

In the Statements of Net Position, in addition to assets and liabilities, separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are reported. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an expense until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as revenue until that time. The Board's deferred outflows of resources are deferred amounts arising from refunding of debt and amounts related to the Board's defined benefit pension plan and other post-employment benefits (OPEB). The Board's deferred inflows of resources are amounts related to the Board's defined benefit pension plan and other post-employment benefits.

#### **Capital Contributions**

The Board frequently has contributions to its sewer and water system from developers and contractors. In addition, the Board receives grant monies for construction of improvements or extensions to its system at various times. These contributions are recognized in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position when earned. For the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Board received capital contributions of \$935,288 and \$12,000, respectively.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Credit Risk - State statutes authorize the Board to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies, general obligations (not revenue obligations) of the State of South Carolina and its subdivisions, savings and loan associations to the extent of federal insurance, certificates of deposit collaterally secured, repurchase agreements secured by the foregoing obligations, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. The Board has no formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

*Interest rate risk* - the Board does not have a formal investment policy limiting investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

At March 31, 2019 and 2018 the Board had the following investments:

Investment Type	Maturity	2019	2018	Rating
Dreyfus Treasury Prime Cash Management <60 days Edward Jones Money Market Fund <60 days		\$ 362,261 171,791	\$ 360,225 331,459	AAAm AAAm
		\$ 534,052	\$ 691,684	

The Gaffney Board of Public Works is required under bond indenture agreements and GASB to segregate certain assets. The following assets have been segregated and are restricted in use. The assets listed below are shown in their respective categories in the accompanying statements of net position.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

		2019		2018
Noncurrent Assets	\ <u>-</u>			
Restricted cash				
Debt service reserve fund	\$	333,230	\$	332,646
Capital projects		469,487		-
		802,717		332,646
Customer deposits		2,927,733		2,771,470
Operation HOPE		16,273		18,048
		2,944,006		2,789,518
	\$	3,746,723	\$	3,122,164

The following assets, although not legally restricted, have been designated by the Board:

	2019	2018
Depreciation fund	\$ 12,237,597	\$ 10,737,597
Contingency fund	8,448,182	7,448,182
	\$ 20,685,779	\$ 18,185,779

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Components of capital assets include the following for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

		2019			
	Balance at				Balance at
	March 31, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	March 31, 2019
Capital Assets					,
Non depreciable					
Land and land rights	\$ 1,800,032	\$ 21,769	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,821,801
Construction in progress	39,473	1,305,957		(164,345)	1,181,085
	1,839,505	1,327,726	-	(164,345)	3,002,886
Depreciable					
Water plant and lines	52,053,426	767,804	(1,381)	77,962	52,897,811
Sew er plant and lines	42,057,065	222,428	-	10,000	42,289,493
Electrical distribution					
and transmission lines	36,408,725	507,437	(67,118)	76,383	36,925,427
Office and warehouse buildings	3,510,319	-	-	-	3,510,319
Office equipment	1,863,695	142,824	(52,917)	-	1,953,602
Equipment and vehicles	4,377,144	150,827	-	-	4,527,971
	140,270,374	1,791,320	(121,416)	164,345	142,104,623
	142,109,879	3,119,046	(121,416)		145,107,509
Accumulated Depreciation					
Water plant and lines	42,984,249	917,099	(1,381)	-	43,899,967
Sew er plant and lines	37,305,328	704,835	-	-	38,010,163
Electrical distribution					
and transmission lines	30,671,035	868,463	(67,118)	-	31,472,380
Office and warehouse buildings	3,125,465	41,217	-	-	3,166,682
Office equipment	1,621,924	95,699	(52,917)	-	1,664,706
Equipment and vehicles	4,128,797	204,086			4,332,883
	119,836,798	2,831,399	(121,416)		122,546,781
Capital Assets, Net of	¢ 22.272.004				ф 22 E60 720
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 22,273,081				\$ 22,560,728

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

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		2018			
	Balance at				Balance at
	March 31, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	March 31, 2018
Capital Assets					
Non depreciable					
Land and land rights	\$ 1,751,097	\$ 48,935	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,800,032
Construction in progress	393,546	71,465		(425,538)	39,473
	2,144,643	120,400	-	(425,538)	1,839,505
Depreciable					
Water plant and lines	51,750,932	300,071	-	2,423	52,053,426
Sew er plant and lines	42,012,653	75,726	(31,314)	-	42,057,065
Electrical distribution					
and transmission lines	35,474,879	583,852	(75,544)	425,538	36,408,725
Office and warehouse buildings	3,496,352	13,967	-	-	3,510,319
Office equipment	1,795,251	135,086	(64,219)	(2,423)	1,863,695
Equipment and vehicles	4,441,168	-	(64,024)	-	4,377,144
	138,971,235	1,108,702	(235,101)	425,538	140,270,374
	141,115,878	1,229,102	(235,101)	-	142,109,879
Accumulated Depreciation					,
Water plant and lines	42,084,393	899,856	-	-	42,984,249
Sew er plant and lines	36,491,935	844,707	(31,314)	-	37,305,328
Electrical distribution					
and transmission lines	29,902,487	844,092	(75,544)	-	30,671,035
Office and warehouse buildings	3,084,481	40,984	-	-	3,125,465
Office equipment	1,596,738	89,039	(63,853)	-	1,621,924
Equipment and vehicles	3,946,488	246,333	(64,024)		4,128,797
	117,106,522	2,965,011	(234,735)		119,836,798
Capital Assets, Net of					
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 24,009,356				\$ 22,273,081

Depreciation expense for the fiscal years ending March 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$2,831,399 and \$2,965,011, respectively.

#### NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Components of long-term debt include the following for the fiscal years ending March 31, 2019 and 2018.

			2019				
	Balance at rch 31, 2018	Add	ditions	Reductions	_	Balance at rch 31, 2019	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable: Revenue bonds Less deferred amounts	\$ 3,661,000	\$	-	\$(1,089,000)	\$	2,572,000	\$1,109,000
Bond discount	(2,706)			855		(1,851)	
	\$ 3,658,294	\$		\$(1,088,145)	\$	2,570,149	\$1,109,000

#### NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

				2018				
	_	Balance at rch 31, 2017	Add	ditions	Reductions	_	Balance at rch 31, 2018	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable: Revenue bonds Less deferred amounts	\$	4,735,000	\$	-	\$(1,074,000)	\$	3,661,000	\$1,089,000
Bond discount		(3,561)			855		(2,706)	
	\$	4,731,439	\$		\$(1,073,145)	\$	3,658,294	\$1,089,000

Revenue bonds payable at March 31, 2019 and 2018 were comprised of the following issues:

	2019	2018
\$3,320,000 Combined Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 of the City of Gaffney, South Carolina, dated May 20, 2009. Annual maturities of \$220,000 to \$620,000 and semi-annual interest rates from 1.30% to 4.00% maturing in 2021. Bonds were issued to refund the remaining balance of the series 2001 bonds.	900,000	1,170,000
\$4,889,000 Combined Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 of the City of Gaffney, South Carolina, dated March 16, 2015. Annual maturities of \$792,000 to \$843,000 and semi-annual interest rate of 1.45% maturing in 2021. Bonds were		
issued to refund the remaining balance of the series 2005 and	1,672,000	2,491,000
	2,572,000	3,661,000
Less current maturities	1,109,000	1,089,000
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$ 1,463,000	\$ 2,572,000

Debt service requirements to maturity for the Revenue Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ended March 31	Principal		Interest		Total
2020	1,109,000		60,104		1,169,104
2021	1,463,000		37,024		1,500,024
	\$ 2,572,000	\$	97,128	\$	2,669,128

#### Arbitrage rebate liabilities

Arbitrage represents the difference or "spread" between lower interest rates on tax-exempt government securities and the higher interest on taxable investment securities. The Internal Revenue Code requires local governments to rebate arbitrage earnings to the federal government every five years for as long as the local government has tax-exempt bonds outstanding. No estimate of potential liability, if any, has been made on the accompanying financial statements.

#### NOTE 5 - DEFEASANCE OF DEBT AND ADVANCED REFUNDINGS

The proceeds from previous bonds issued that defeased certain bonds in prior years were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts' assets and the liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the Board's financial statements. At March 31, 2019 and 2018, there are no bonds outstanding considered defeased from prior years.

In current and prior years, advance refundings resulted in book losses that are being amortized over the original remaining life of the old bonds that were defeased or the life of the new bonds, whichever is shorter. The unamortized losses at March 31, 2019 and 2018 are included as a deferred outflow of resources on the statements of net position. Amortization has been included in interest expense and was \$28,623 for both the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

#### NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Board, as the employer, participates in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) Plan - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered and managed by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), a state agency. PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at <a href="www.peba.sc.gov">www.peba.sc.gov</a>, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

**Benefits Provided/Membership** - SCRS provides retirement and other benefits for teachers and employees of the state, and its political subdivisions. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary.

This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit.

An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years.

Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively.

#### NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

#### Benefits Provided/Membership - Continued

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of 1% or \$500 every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

<u>Contributions</u> - Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute, or the rates last adopted by the board, are insufficient to maintain the amortization period set in statute, the board shall increase employer contribution rates as necessary.

After June 30, 2027, if the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the SCRS for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of the system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than 85%, then the board, effective on the following July 1st, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than 85%. The Retirement System Funding and Administration Act establishes a ceiling on employee contribution rates at 9%. The employer contribution rates will continue to increase annually by 1% through July 1, 2022. The legislation's ultimate scheduled employer rate is 18.56%. The amortization period is scheduled to be reduced one year for each of the next 10 years to a 20 year amortization period. Required employee (both Class II and III) contribution rates for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was 9.00%. Required employer contribution rates for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was 14.41% and 13.41%, respectively. Both required employee and employer contribution rates are calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Employers also contribute an additional .15% of earnable compensation, if participating in the death benefit program.

Contributions to the Plan from the Board were \$755,374 and \$646,947, for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. For the State's year ended June 30, 2018, the State General Assembly appropriated funds to cover 1% of the 2% contribution rate increase for all employers participating in the State retirement plans. The total contributions paid on behalf of the Board by the General Assembly for SCRS for the year ended March 31, 2018 was \$46,443 and included in the deferred outflows of resources – pensions. For the year ended March 31, 2019, the \$46,443 paid on behalf of the Board was recognized as other operating revenues.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At March 31, 2019, the Board reported a net pension liability of \$10,789,370 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability, net pension liability and sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2018, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The allocation of the Board's proportion shares of the collective net pension liability and pension expense were calculated on the basis of the Board's contributions actually remitted to the plan relative to the total contributions remitted to the plan for all participating employers, less employer contributions that are not representative of future contributions effort, as of June 30, 2018. Based upon this information, the Board's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .048152%, an increase of .00015%, since June 30, 2017, the prior measurement date.

#### NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> - Continued

For the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Board recognized pension expense of \$884,647 and \$959,980, respectively. At March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension as follows:

2019			
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 138,971	\$ (99,503)	
Changes in assumptions	428,062	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	171,389	-	
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	585,139	-	
Total	\$ 1,323,561	\$ (99,503)	
2018			
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 191,035	\$ (83,253)	
Changes in assumptions	632,577	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	301,653	-	
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	451,764		
Total	\$ 1,577,029	\$ (83,253)	

\$585,139 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in 2019, resulted from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended March 31, 2020. Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2020	\$ 443,520
2021	322,090
2022	(109,426)
2023	 (17,265)
	\$ 638,919

#### NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the System was most recently issued for the period ending July 1, 2015.

The June 30, 2018 total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information determined by the July 1, 2017 valuation, used the following actuarial assumptions and methods:

Inflation 2.25%

Projected salary increases 3.0% to 12.5% (varies by service and includes 2.25% inflation)

Benefit adjustments lesser of 1% or \$500 annually Investment rate of return 7.25% (includes 2.25% inflation)

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table (2016 PRSC), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. The base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 30 year capital markets assumptions. The long-term expected rate of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2018 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation, and is summarized in the following table. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes 5.00% real rate of return and a 2.25% inflation component.

		Long-term
	Target Asset	Expected Portfolio
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	47%	3.38%
Real Assets	10%	0.42%
Opportunistic	13%	0.48%
Diversified Credit	18%	0.65%
Conservative Fixed Income	12%	0.10%
Total Expected Real Return	100%	5.03%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes		2.25%
Total Expected Nominal Return		7.28%
rotai Expected Nominal Return		1.28%

#### NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS will be made based on actuarially determined rates based on the provisions of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following table presents the Board's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Board's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.25%) or 1% higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1'	% Increase		
		(6.25%)	(7.25%)		(8.25%)	
Board's proportionate share of the						
collective net pension liability	\$	13,786,811	\$	10,789,370	\$	8,646,486

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plan, administered by PEBA, is available in the Systems' audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 (including the unmodified opinion on the financial statements). Information about the fiduciary net position of the System and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting. Additional actuarial information is available in the accounting and financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The additional information is publically available on PEBA's Retirement Benefits' website at www.peba.sc.gov.

#### NOTE 7 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The Board offers its employees and Commissioners a deferred compensation plan through the South Carolina Deferred Compensation Commission, created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 401(k). The plan, available to all Board employees and Commissioners, permits them to defer a portion of their salary, up to the maximum allowed by law, until future years. The Board does not "own" the amounts deferred by plan participants or the related income on those amounts and does not have a contractual liability to the plan participants, except as it relates to employer matching contributions.

The Board matches employee contributions to the Section 457 and 401(k) plans. Effective 4/1/2017, The Board increased its matching contribution from 50% as of March 31, 2017, to 100% for the year ending March 31, 2018. The Board's match for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$571,435 and \$617,073, respectively.

In addition, the Board matches contributions for selected management employees, up to the maximum amount allowed by the 457 and 401(k) plans and pays related personal income taxes, to nonqualified supplemental retirement plans. The Board's expense for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$93,166 and \$85,147, respectively, for the contributions and related income taxes.

#### NOTE 8 - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

#### **Plan Description**

Plan Administration and Benefits - The Gaffney Board of Public Works Retiree Healthcare Plan (the plan), is a single employer defined benefit plan, administered by the Board, governed by an elected 5 member Commission, to provide certain post-employment benefits (OPEB). The plan provides medical and dental insurance coverage through third-party insurers to all retirees and their dependents who meet the SCRS qualifications for unreduced retirement and have been employed by the Board a minimum of 20 consecutive years prior to their retirement from SCRS. Commissioners must have served two full terms or 12 consecutive years. Retirees must have attained the minimum age of 60 years prior to retirement and qualifying spouses must be the spouse on record at the time of the employee's retirement. The Board, upon majority vote of the elected 5 member Board of Commissioners, has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions.

#### Plan Membership

Membership in the Plan as of March 31, 2016, the date of the latest actuarial valuation was:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits	38
Active plan members	73
Total plan members	111

#### Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Board are established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners, upon majority vote of its members. The Board pays the entire premium for eligible retirees under 65 with retiree only coverage. Retirees under 65 with dependent or family coverage pay \$75 per month. Medicare retirees (those retirees 65 and over) have their own supplemental health plan that is reimbursed monthly for their health and drug premiums from their supplemental plan by the Board. The Board contributes to the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis based on contractual insurance premiums and through separate contributions to the Gaffney, SC Board of Public Works Retirement Benefits Trust, a voluntary employee benefit association (VEBA) trust, as determined annually by the Board. The Board contributed \$602,952 and \$545,129 for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, with \$300,000 each year set aside in the VEBA. The plan is accounted for as a trust fund as presented in the basic financial statements.

#### **Investments**

*Investment policy* - The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets can be established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners by a majority vote of its members. As of March 31, 2019, The Board of Commissioners has not established an investment policy.

The Board makes contributions to the VEBA throughout the year. The Trustee is responsible for maintaining records and accounts for the assets. The Board invests the assets in the VEBA in accordance with state statutes.

The assets are currently invested in cash and cash equivalents. As a result, the long-term rate of return was assumed to equal the long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.

#### NOTE 8 - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

#### **Investments - Continued**

Rate of return - For the year ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the annual money rate of return on investments (in this case, cash and cash equivalents), net of investment expenses, was .94% and .56%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Net OPEB Liability of the Board**

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Board at March 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	\$ 11,718,165	\$ 11,023,012
Plan fiduciary net position	(10,023,795)	(9,639,585)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,694,370	\$ 1,383,427
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total OPEB liability	85.54%	87.45%

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods - the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of March 31, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 3.00% to 7.00%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 2.25%

Demographic Assumptions Based on the experience study covering the five year period ending June 30,

2015 as conducted for the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS). For the OPEB valuation, the standard SCRS retirement rates were adjusted to  $\,$ 

reflect the Board's retiree medical plan design.

Mortality Assumptions For healthy retirees, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality

Table for Males and the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table for Females are used with fully generational mortality projections from the year 2016 based on Scale AA from the year 2016. The following multipliers are applied to the base tables: 100% for male SCRS members,

111% for female SCRS members.

Health Care Trend Rates Pre-65: Initial rate of 6.40% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.15% over 15

years; ultimate trend rate includes a 0.15% adjustment for the excise tax. Post-65: Initial rate of 6.30% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.00% after 14

vears.

Participation Rates It was assumed that 95% of eligible retirees would choose to receive retiree

health care benefits through the employer.

Other Information

Notes The Health Care Trend Inflation assumptions were slightly updated to better

reflect the plan's anticipated experience.

#### NOTE 8 - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Methods - continued

The actuarial valuation was performed as of March 31, 2018. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to March 31, 2019.

#### Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 2.25% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 2.25%. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is expected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability

Regarding the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Single Discount Rate, the following represents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 2.25%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Curre	nt Single Discount	
1% Decrease	Ra	te Assumption	1% Increase
1.25%	2.25% 3.2		3.25%
Ф. 4.044.0F0	Φ.	4.004.070	ф (405 000)
\$ 4,011,852	\$	1,694,370	\$ (125,208)

Regarding the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following represents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

Current Healthcare						
Cost Trend Rate						
1% Decrease	A	ssumption	1% Increase			
\$ (413,797)	\$	1,694,370	\$4,494,088			

#### NOTE 8 - POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

#### **Changes in the Net OPEB Liability**

	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary let Position	Net OPEB Liability
Balance as of March 31, 2018	\$ 11,023,012	\$ 9,639,585	\$ 1,383,427
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	351,643	-	351,643
Interest on the Total OPEB liability	248,566	-	248,566
Difference between expected and			-
actual experience	417,684	-	417,684
Change of assumptions	(19,788)	-	(19,788)
Employer contributions	-	602,952	(602,952)
Net investment income	-	91,710	(91,710)
Benefit payments	(302,952)	(302,952)	-
Administrative expense	-	(7,500)	7,500
Net Changes	695,153	384,210	310,943
Balance as of March 31, 2019	\$ 11,718,165	\$ 10,023,795	\$ 1,694,370

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended March 31, 2019, the Board recognized OPEB expense of \$411,686. At March 31, 2019, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience, liability Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and actual	\$	366,073	\$	- (17,343)
experience, assets	\$	102,777 468,850	\$	(17,343)

The above deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	Net Deferred		
March 31	Outflows (Inflows)		
2020	\$ 74,860		
2021	74,860		
2022	74,860		
2023	74,861		
2024	49,166		
Thereafter	102,900		
	\$ 451,507		

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### NOTE 9 - EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

The Board has employment agreements with the two (2) management employees. The general manager's employment agreement provides for a minimum base salary, various benefits and a six (6) year severance package in the event of termination without cause. The operations engineer's employment agreement provides for a minimum base salary, various benefits and a three (3) year severance package in the event of termination without cause.

#### NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board is insured under policies through the South Carolina Office of Insurance Services, South Carolina Reserve Fund (the Fund) that is a public entity risk pool. The Board pays premiums to the Fund for its general liability, property and accidental insurance. The agreement for formation of the Fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for each insured event.

The Board did not have settled claims that exceeded the Board's insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The Board provides group health insurance for all of its full time employees under the State Insurance Plan. The Board pays the employee and qualifying dependent premiums for this insurance plan. In addition to this plan, the Board provides employees and Commissioners with a health reimbursement account intended to assist in payment of increased deductibles and out of pocket, medical, dental, vision and prescription expenses.

The Board also participates in the South Carolina Municipal Insurance Trust for workers compensation insurance coverage up to the statutory limits.

#### NOTE 11 - INTERDEPARTMENTAL ALLOCATION OF COSTS

The Board records on its books, costs allocated to various departments, with the offsetting expense charged to the individual department. These amounts are included in the utility expenses of the administrative, clinic/safety, warehouse, water and sewer departments, and the offset is shown as a reduction of the total expenses of the water, sewer and electrical departments.

#### NOTE 12 - FRANCHISE FEES

The Board pays the City of Gaffney a fee of 3.05% of electricity sales. For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Board paid the City \$693,771 and \$672,456, respectively, in franchise fees.

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### A. Piedmont Municipal Power Agency

The City of Gaffney is a charter member of the Piedmont Municipal Power Agency (PMPA) that was formed in 1979. PMPA is a public body corporate and politic of the State of South Carolina consisting of ten municipalities in South Carolina, which purchase electric power from PMPA. PMPA owns a 25% undivided interest in Unit 2 of Duke Power's Catawba Nuclear Station in York County, South Carolina. The City and therefore the Board has agreed pursuant to the Catawba Nuclear Project Power Sales Agreement, in exchange for a share of the power and energy from the Catawba Nuclear Station, to take or pay for the cost of its share (10.05%) of the Catawba Project output whether or not the Project is operable or operating.

Such costs are all of PMPA's costs resulting from or attributable to the ownership, operation, maintenance, termination, retirement from service, decommissioning of, necessary repairs and additions, and amounts required to be deposited to debt service funds. In addition, if any other party to the agreement defaults, the City/Board's share of the Project output would increase pro rata by a maximum of 25% of the nondefaulting participant's Catawba share prior to any such increases. The Sales Agreement is in effect until the later of January 1, 2022 or the completion of payment and satisfaction of bond obligations under the agreement. In no case may the agreement extend beyond August 1, 2035.

The City/Board is also party to a Supplemental Power Sales Agreement with PMPA under which it has agreed to take and pay for electric power and energy requirements in excess of those supplied under the Power Sales Agreement. The term of this agreement expires August 2030.

The City and the Board are not required to make any payments to PMPA under these agreements except from the revenues of its electric system.

For the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Board's purchased power expense from PMPA was \$18,701,915 and \$20,780,996, respectively. Also, the amount included in accrued expenses for accrued purchased power from PMPA at March 31, 2019 and 2018 is \$1,232,960 and \$1,526,223 respectively.

#### B. <u>Annual Leave/PTO</u>

As described more fully in Note 1, the total amount of PTO accumulated and unused, as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

		2019		2018
Beginning of the year liability	\$	382,484	\$	352,440
Increase		493,588		473,221
Decrease		(425,772)		(443,177)
	_	450.000	_	222 121
End of year liability	\$	450,300	\$	382,484

#### C. Unemployment Compensation

The Board is required to pay unemployment compensation on covered employees. It has chosen the alternative of paying claims as billed by the South Carolina Employment Security Commission. However, under this method of funding, no accurate estimate of potential liability has been made.

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - CONTINUED

#### D. Contract Commitments

There were no outstanding commitments on construction contracts at March 31, 2019 and 2018.

#### E. Litigation

Due to the nature of the Board's normal operating activities, it is routinely subject to a variety of claims and demands by various individuals and entities. At the present time, the Board is not involved in any additional litigation that in management's opinion represents a material potential liability.

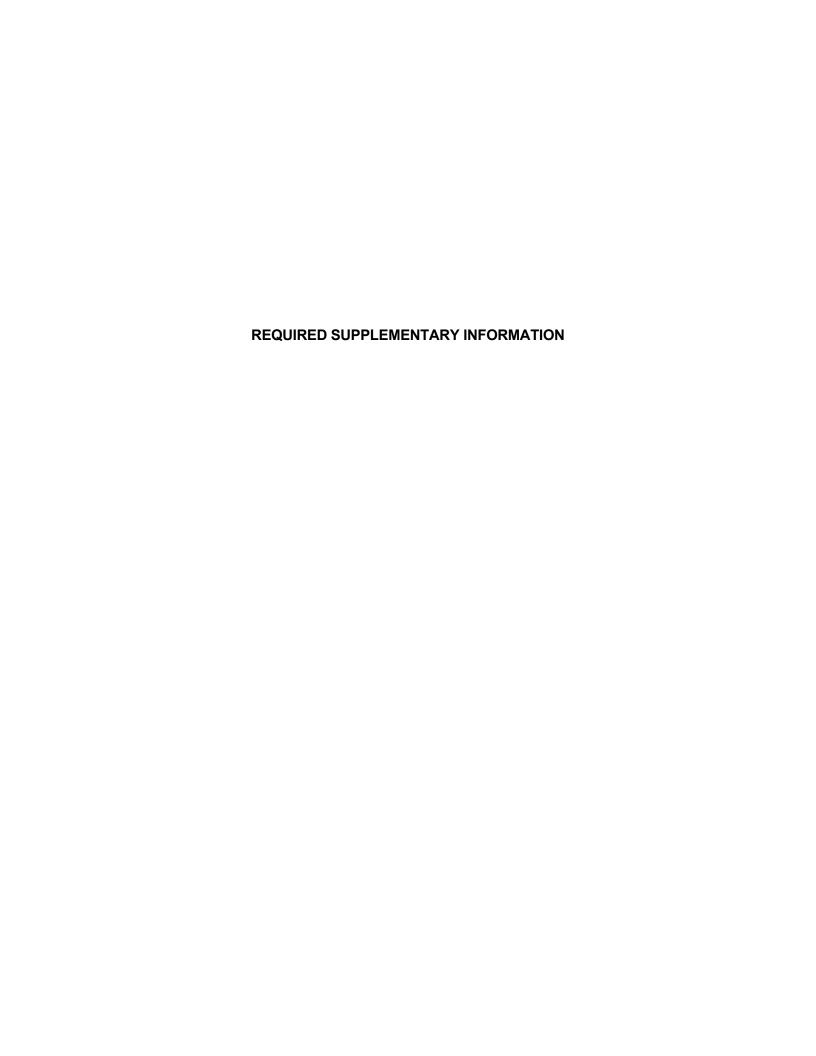
#### **NOTE 14 - RECLASSIFICATIONS**

Certain accounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform to the presentation in the current year financial statements.

#### NOTE 15 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE/RESTATEMENT

The Board adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, in the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019. The implementation required the Board to record the beginning net OPEB liability and remove the net OPEB asset as required by GASB Statement 45. Beginning net position was restated and reduced \$7,604,933, as follows:

Net Position - Beginning of Year - as Previously Reported (4/1/2018)	\$ 41,460,705
Removal of Net OPEB Asset (GASB Statement 45)	(6,221,506)
Implementation of GASB Statement 75 - Net OPEB Liability	(1,383,427)
Net Position - Beginning of Year - Restated (4/1/2018)	\$ 33,855,772



### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ENDING MARCH 31

	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes in benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 351,643 248,566 - 417,684	\$ 349,163 303,859 (2,816,350) (21,355)
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(19,788) (302,952)	(245,129)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 695,153 11,023,012	 (2,429,812) 13,452,824
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 11,718,165	\$ 11,023,012
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions OPEB plan net investment income Benefit payments OPEB plan administrative expense	\$ 602,952 91,710 (302,952) (7,500)	\$ 545,129 52,879 (245,129) (7,500)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	384,210 9,639,585	345,379 9,294,206
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 10,023,795	\$ 9,639,585
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 1,694,370	\$ 1,383,427
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	85.54%	87.45%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,865,106	\$ 5,540,388
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	28.89%	24.97%

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

**2019**: <u>Assumption Change</u> - The Health Care Trend assumptions were slightly updated to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience

**2018**: <u>Plan Change</u> - Effective January 1, 2018, the Medicare retirees were moved to a separate health plan and reimbursed for their coverage.

March 31, 2018 was the first year of GASB 74 implementation, therefore 10-year data is not yet available.

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS SCHEDULE OF OPEB INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019	2018
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	0.94%	0.56%

<sup>\*</sup>March 31, 2018 was the first year of GASB 74 implementation, therefore 10-year data is not yet available.

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2019
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 252,250
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	 602,952
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (350,002)
Board's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,865,106
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	4.30%

#### **Notes to Schedules:**

March 31, 2019 was the first year of GASB 75 implementation, therefore 10-year data is not yet available.

# GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Board's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	0.048152%	0.048002%	0.047018%	0.047696%
Board's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,789,370	\$ 10,806,022	\$ 10,042,975	\$ 9,045,776
Board's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,989,904	\$ 4,843,201	\$ 4,553,055	\$ 4,472,093
Board's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	216.22%	223.12%	220.58%	202.27%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	54.10%	53.34%	52.91%	56.99%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal years ending June 30.

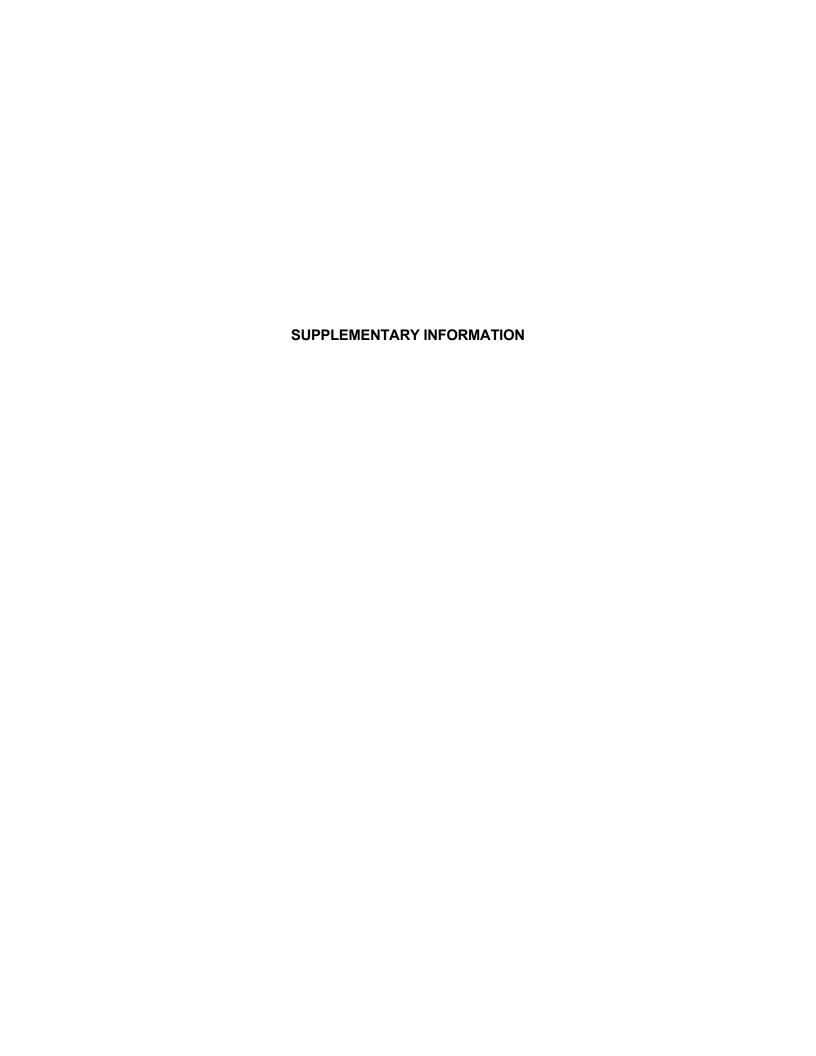
#### Schedule 2-2

### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Statutorially Required Contributions	\$ 755,374	\$ 646,947	\$ 548,177	\$ 495,887
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorially Required Contributions	 755,374	 646,947	548,177	 495,887
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
Board's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,274,229	\$ 4,950,318	\$ 4,792,404	\$ 4,499,689
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.32%	13.07%	11.44%	11.02%

#### **Notes to Schedules:**

March 31, 2016 was the first year of GASB 68 implementation, therefore 10-year data is not yet available.



#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS SCHEDULES OF WATER DEPARTMENT OPERATIONS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

	20	19	2018
Operating Revenues			
Water sales	\$ 6		6,696,005
Intergovernmental revenues		15,481	-
Other		463,458	540,141
Total Operating Revenues	7	7,081,075	7,236,146
Operating Expenses - Excluding Depreciation			
Plant			
Salaries and related payroll expenses	1	,218,803	1,239,649
Uniforms		2,935	5,262
Training and schools		9,511	2,662
Professional fees		52,730	33,952
Postage		171	713
Telephone		4,013	4,217
Insurance		32,805	52,700
Vehicle expense		3,028	2,058
Equipment maintenance and operation		321,555	92,261
Building and grounds maintenance		24,718	44,742
Materials and supplies		39,998	19,795
Chemicals		302,618	215,635
Other expenses		611	528
Bad debts - net		33,781	9,500
Lab expense		42,292	40,158
Public relations		2,590	80
Contract services		80,477	205,143
Other post-employment benefits		127,835	114,954
Utilities		751,755	801,998
Scholarship program		731,733	1,222
Scholarship program	3	3,052,226	2,887,229
Maintenance		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,,,
Salaries and related payroll expenses	1	,199,559	979,283
Uniforms		13,758	6,059
Training and schools		1,219	2,041
Professional fees		9,663	16,673
Telephone		4,921	4,525
Insurance		21,998	21,314
Vehicle expense		40,009	27,631
Equipment maintenance and operation		92,611	82,173
Building and grounds maitenance		71	153
Materials and supplies		272,549	258,517
Other expenses		166	101
Public relations		67	125
Utilities		10,132	9,740
Scholarship program		500	1,000
11 5	1	,667,223	1,409,335
Costs allocated to other departments		(197,318)	(188,721)
Total Operating Expenses - Excluding Depreciation	4	,522,131	4,107,843

#### Schedule 3-1 - Continued

### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS SCHEDULES OF WATER DEPARTMENT OPERATIONS - PROPRIETARY FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
Depreciation		
Plant depreciation	945,144	925,938
Maintenance depreciation	51,471_	43,558
	996,615	969,496
Total Operating Expenses	5,518,746	5,077,339
Operating Income	\$ 1,562,329	\$ 2,158,807

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS SCHEDULES OF SEWER DEPARTMENT OPERATIONS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018	
Operating Revenues	ф <u>Б</u> 004 040	ф <u>гоогос</u> 4	
Sewer	\$ 5,831,040	\$ 5,995,064	
Intergovernmental revenues	15,481	402.700	
Other Total Operating Revenues	282,889 6,129,410	103,799 6,098,863	
Total Operating Revenues	6,129,410	0,090,003	
Operating Expenses - Excluding Depreciation Plant			
Salaries and related payroll expenses	1,112,600	1,146,878	
Uniforms	2,918	5,578	
Training and schools	3,503	2,007	
Professional fees	15,244	11,630	
Telephone	4,648	4,800	
Insurance	32,755	30,771	
Vehicle expense	10,514	9,369	
Equipment maintenance and operation	74,381	69,876	
Building and grounds maintenance	19,233	49,233	
Materials and supplies	17,263	18,737	
Chemicals	88,044	83,966	
Other expenses	212	282	
Bad debts - net	(1,237)	(1,240)	
Lab expense	52,783	52,516	
Landfill disposal costs	189,786	268,400	
Other post-employment benefits	113,603	95,313	
Utilities	1,189,749	1,169,543	
Scholarship program	- 0.005.000	2,310	
	2,925,999	3,019,969	
Maintenance	507.004	400.007	
Salaries and related payroll expenses	587,931	462,297	
Uniforms	1,841	4,838	
Professional fees	8,091 5,066	4,149	
Telephone	5,066	4,590	
Insurance Vehicle expense	22,822 11,835	18,120	
·	10,892	8,619 19,993	
Equipment maintenance and operation  Materials and supplies	30,896	22,449	
Other expenses	166	101	
Public relations	67	25	
Utilities	9,288	8,928	
Scholarship program	500	1,000	
Ocholarship program	689,395	555,109	
Costs allocated to other departments	(265,830)	(322,378)	
Total Operating Expenses - Excluding Depreciation	3,349,564	3,252,700	
Depreciation			
Plant depreciation	697,239	860,918	
Maintenance depreciation	25,245	25,167	
	722,484	886,085	
Total Operating Expenses	4,072,048	4,138,785	
Operating Income	\$ 2,057,362	\$ 1,960,078	

#### GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS SCHEDULES OF ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT OPERATIONS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018	
Operating Revenues			
Electric sales	\$ 24,615,075	\$ 23,940,022	
Intergovernmental revenues	15,481	-	
Other	539,585	723,413	
Total Operating Revenues	25,170,141	24,663,435	
Operating Expenses - Excluding Depreciation			
Power purchased	19,290,035	21,358,543	
Line expenses			
Salaries and related payroll expenses	1,978,546	1,916,058	
Uniforms	16,246	17,292	
Training and schools	15,364	23,605	
Professional fees	31,623	39,988	
Telephone	9,204	7,373	
Insurance	51,060	50,368	
Vehicle expense	56,180	32,061	
Equipment maintenance and operation	92,302	118,311	
Building and grounds maintenance	11,396	18,443	
Materials and supplies	172,139	156,137	
Other expenses	1,216	903	
Bad debts - net	(13,538)	13,265	
Public relations	183	50	
Contract services	132,302	145,022	
Other post-employment benefits	132,360	103,320	
Utilities	30,752	30,963	
Computer processing	21,666	20,930	
Scholarship program	-	5,000	
	22,029,036	24,057,632	
Costs allocated to other departments	(1,548,367)	(1,528,347)	
Total Operating Expenses - Excluding Depreciation	20,480,669	22,529,285	
Depreciation			
Line Depreciation	1,034,618	1,025,306	
Total Operating Expenses	21,515,287	23,554,591	
Operating Income	\$ 3,654,854	\$ 1,108,844	

## GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS SCHEDULES OF WAREHOUSE, CLINIC/SAFETY AND ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENT EXPENSES - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

		2019	2018	
Warehouse	\$	400 047	ď	440.450
Salaries and related payroll expenses Uniforms	Ф	422,817 1,515	\$	410,452 1,745
Training and schools		1,313		504
Professional fees		3,584		1,865
Postage		1,847		1,778
Telephone		1,745		1,776
Insurance		8,420		8,345
Vehicle expense		1,063		902
Equipment maintenance and operation		7,913		3,960
Building and grounds maintenance		17,174		26,283
Materials and supplies		8,298		5,547
Other post-employment benefits		2,624		5,925
Utilities		2,608		-
Scholarship program		21,952		21,103
Computer processing		, -		1,500
		501,751		491,145
		<u>,                                      </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Clinic/Safety		210.000		204 424
Salaries and related payroll expenses		219,980		201,421
Training and schools Professional fees		10 100		2,540
		12,409 967		9,945
Telephone Insurance		96 <i>1</i> 845		1,313 432
		15,374		15,738
Materials and supplies Utilities		4,222		4,058
Claims reimbursements		(57,305)		(58,828)
Oldinia Teliniburaementa		196,492		176,619
A 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1				
Administrative Salaries and related payroll expenses		2,745,715		2,654,157
Uniforms		1,188		2,170
Training and schools		17,570		18,491
Professional fees		109,938		63,261
Public relations		89,168		75,625
Postage		2,509		1,779
Telephone		19,772		18,313
Insurance		14,235		11,966
Vehicle expense		4,047		2,819
Equipment maintenance and operation		24,201		10,562
Building and grounds maintenance		21,937		37,845
Materials and supplies		105,949		106,448
Other expenses		86,191		72,275
Computer processing		132,351		149,459
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#### Schedule 3-4 - Continued

## GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS SCHEDULES OF WAREHOUSE, CLINIC/SAFETY AND ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENT EXPENSES - PROPRIETARY FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019	2018
Administrative - continued	 	
Other post-employment benefits	35,265	50,607
Utilities	36,698	33,960
Scholarship program	-	4,000
	 3,446,734	 3,313,737
Total Warehouse, Clinic/Safety and		
Administrative Expenses - Excluding Depreciation	 4,144,977	3,981,501
Depreciation		
Warehouse depreciation	20,419	45,061
Clinic depreciation	1,890	2,285
Administration depreciation	55,373	36,778
	77,682	84,124
Total Warehouse, Clinic/Safety		
and Administrative Expenses	\$ 4,222,659	\$ 4,065,625

GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS HISTORICAL STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE MARCH 31, 2010 THROUGH 2019

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Net Income Operating Revenues Operating Expenses	\$ 30,111,565 \$ (30,738,193)	\$ 31,646,737 (32,133,505)	\$ 32,279,947 (33,454,134)	\$ 33,421,376 (33,997,265)	\$ 33,077,545 { (34,451,278)	\$ 33,435,583 \$ (35,849,086)	36,746,821 (36,031,030)	\$ 36,854,871 (37,214,484)	\$ 37,998,444 (36,836,340)	\$ 38,380,626 (35,328,740)
Operating Income (Loss) Nonoperating Revenues Nonoperating Expenses	(626,628) 219,855 (474,706)	(486,768) 109,895 (487,513)	(1,174,187) 68,417 (460,598)	(575,889) 86,905 (395,421)	(1,373,733) (4,588) (365,078)	(2,413,503) 160,591 (389,948)	715,791 41,940 (171,108)	(359,613) 32,610 (159,606)	1,162,104 102,298 (136,836)	3,051,886 119,779 (113,906 <u>)</u>
Net Income (Loss) - Before Capital Contributions per Financial Statements	\$ (881,479) \$	(864,386)	\$ (1,566,368)	\$ (884,405)	\$ (1,743,399) \$	(2,642,860) \$	586,623	\$ (486,609)	\$ 1,127,566	\$ 3,057,759
Income Available for Debt Service Net Income (Loss) - Before Capital Contributions per Financial Statements Less: (Gain) Loss on Sale of Capital	\$ (881,479) \$	(864,386)	\$ (1,566,368)	\$ (884,405) \$	3 (1,743,399) \$	; (2,642,860) \$	586,623	\$ (486,609)	\$ 1,127,566	\$ 3,057,759
Assets	(33,018)	(36,820)	2,352	55,700	(22,384)	(119,877)	1,746	23,429	(15,115)	3,797
Plus: Depreciation	4,477,470	4,322,573	4,171,536	4,040,263	3,709,721	3,377,051	3,407,679	3,406,487	2,965,011	2,831,399
Plus: Interest Expense	440,100	450,904	423,989	395,421	365,078	319,425	171,108	159,606	136,836	113,906
Plus: Bond Cost	•	•	•	•	•	70,523	•	•	•	•
Plus: Pension expense adjustment	•	•	•	•	•	•	150,666	304,729	508,216	253,066
Less: OPEB expense adjusment	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	(140,564)
Less: Transfers In to Contingency Fund	(1,522,797)	(1,514,195)	(1,501,505)	(1,500,050)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)
Plus: Transfers Out of Contingency Fund	1,000,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,250,000	1,750,000	2,625,000	2,625,000	500,000	1,000,000	500,000
Plus: Excess Transfers In Over Out	522,797	14,195	1,505	250,050	•	•	•	1,000,000	500,000	1,000,000
Plus: Amortization of Bond Costs	34,606	36,609	36,609	1	1	•	•	1	I	1
Income Available for Debt Service	\$ 4,037,679 \$	3,908,880	\$ 3,068,118	\$ 3,606,979	\$ 2,559,016 \$	\$ 2,129,262 \$	5,442,822	\$ 3,407,642	\$ 4,722,514	\$ 6,119,363
Total System Debt Service	\$ 1,234,890 \$	1,240,115	\$ 1,238,681	\$ 1,234,743	\$ 1,238,768 \$	\$ 1,236,078 \$	1,180,166	\$ 1,173,761	\$ 1,176,173	\$ 1,170,565
Total System Debt Service Coverage	3.27	3.15	2.48	2.92	2.07	1.72	4.61	2.90	4.02	5.23